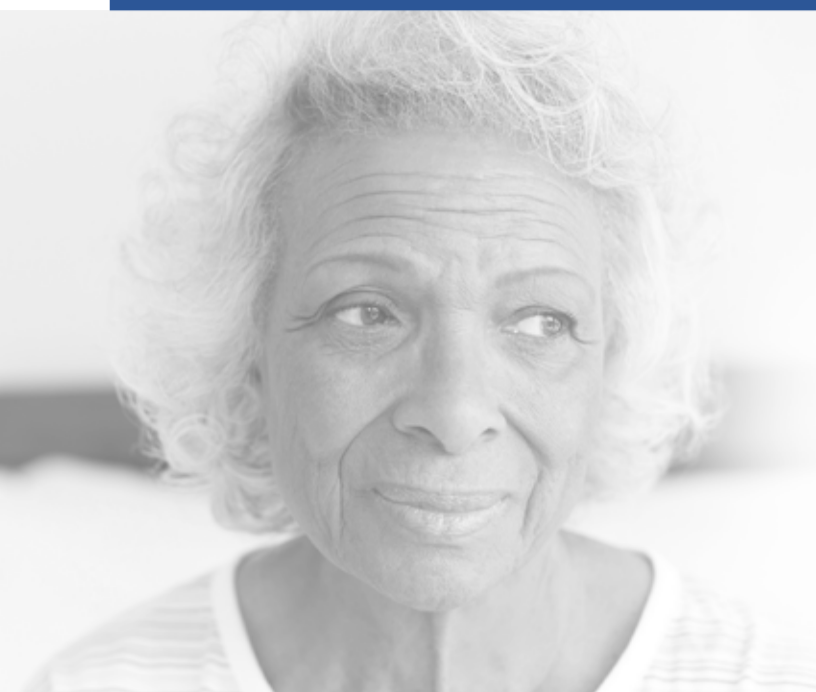


Survey Backgrounder



Allergan, an AbbVie Company, a global pharmaceutical leader in eye care for over the last 70 years, in collaboration with the Glaucoma Research Foundation, commissioned a survey of patients and eye care professionals living in the United States to better understand perceptions around the seriousness of glaucoma and how it impacts the lives of those living with the disease.



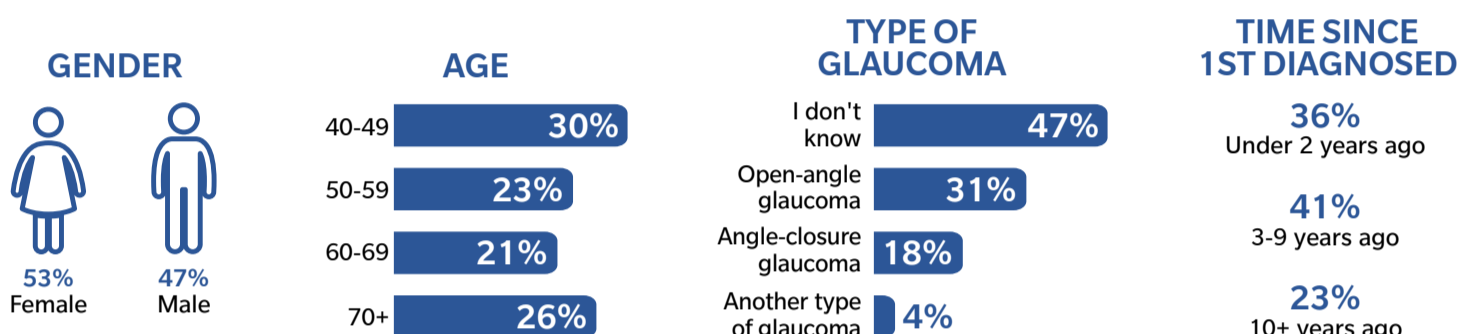
About the Survey*

The survey was conducted online by Kelton on behalf of Allergan. 600 U.S. eye care professionals and adults who have been diagnosed with glaucoma participated in the survey.

A total of 500 glaucoma patients and 100 physicians in the U.S. were surveyed from July 25th - August 7th 2019.

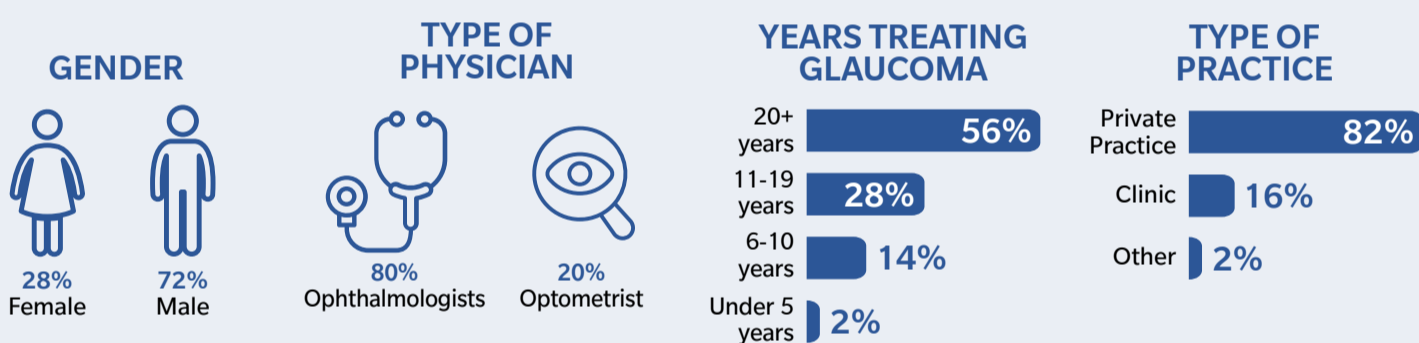
Patient

Demographic Breakdown



Physician

Demographic Breakdown



About Glaucoma Research Foundation



Founded in San Francisco in 1978, Glaucoma Research Foundation (GRF) is America's oldest and most experienced institution dedicated solely to its mission: to cure glaucoma and restore vision through innovative research. GRF has a proven track record of ground-breaking, results-oriented

research and produces definitive educational materials used by eye care professionals across the country. The Glaucoma Research Foundation website, www.glaucoma.org, provides valuable information about glaucoma to more than 4 million visitors annually.



About Allergan Eye Care



As a leader in eye care, Allergan has discovered, developed, and delivered some of the most innovative products in the industry for more than 70 years. Allergan has launched over 125 eye care products and invested billions of dollars in treatments for the most prevalent eye conditions including glaucoma, ocular surface disease, and retinal diseases.



For more information on the survey findings visit MyGlaucoma.com

The My Glaucoma survey was fielded among 500 Glaucoma patients aged 40+ living in the U.S., via an online survey from July 25th - August 7th 2019. Results of any sample are subject to sampling variation. The magnitude of the variation is measurable and is affected by the number of interviews and the level of the percentages expressing the results. In this particular study, the chances are 95 in 100 that the patients survey result does not vary, plus or minus, by more than 4.4 percent and the physicians survey by 9.8 percent, from the result that would be obtained if interviews had been conducted with all personas in the universe represented by the sample. The margin of error for any subgroups will be slightly higher.